

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Saturday, November, 17, 1759.

[Num. 5910]

PREMIUMS by the EDINBURGH SOCIETY, for the Year 1759.

THE EDINBURGH SOCIETY for Encouragement of Arts, Sciences, Manufactures, and Agriculture, have resolved to bestow the Premiums annexed, under the Conditions here specified.

1. For useful Inventions in Sciences, Arts and Agriculture, to be divided in Proportion to the Merit and Utility of the Invention, *thirty Guineas*.
2. For the best Dissertation on Style in Composition, a *Gold Medal*, given by Mr. Alexander Gerard, Professor of Philosophy in the Marischall College, Aberdeen, who gained the Premium, anno 1756, for the best Essay on Taste.

3. For the largest Collection of good Specimens of Silver and Copper Ores found in Scotland, *ten Guineas*.
4. For the largest Collection of Specimens of Lead Ores, taken from the greatest Number of different Places in Scotland, *five Guineas*.

5. For the greatest Number of Specimens of Cinabar, Antimony, Cobalt, Calamine, or other Matters containing Semi-metals, found in Scotland, *ten Guineas*.
N. B. With each of the above three Articles, a short Account must be given of the Place and Situation, in which the several Ores are found and discovered. And their being all found in Scotland, must be vouched to the Satisfaction of the Society.

The Premiums for Stallions, determined in July last, as formerly advertised.

6. To the Person who shall produce the best young stoned Horse, bred in Scotland, to be shown at Edinburgh the 2d Wednesday of July 1761, *twenty Guineas*.
7. Second ditto, *ten Guineas*.

8. To the Person who shall produce the best young stoned Horse, bred in Scotland, to be shown at Edinburgh the 2d Wednesday of July 1762, *twenty Guineas*.
9. Second ditto, *ten Guineas*.

10. To the Farmer, or Person, who shall, this Year, bring most early to any Market in Scotland, the greatest Quantity of Potatoes, not under 50 Bolls, on or before the tenth of August next, *ten Guineas*.
11. To the next greatest Quantity of ditto, *six Pounds Sterling*.

12. To the third ditto, *four Pounds Sterling*.
N. B. The early red Lancashire Potatoe is recommended for Seed.—The Society think it necessary to continue the Premium for Potatoes, because the Culture of that Root is not sufficiently known in Scotland.

13. To the Person who raises the greatest Quantity of Parsnips within the Year 1759, *five Guineas*.
14. Second ditto, *three Guineas*.

15. Third ditto, *two Guineas*.
This Encouragement is proposed, because Parsnips are found a strong and wholesome Food for Cattle and Poultry as well as Men, and yield a great Increase. In the Island of Guernsey, this Root is much cultivated, and found very useful to prepare Ground for Lucerne. The Parsnips were very properly recommended, as deserving Encouragement, by Sir Gilbert Elliot of Stobs, when he presented the Society with 100 Guineas.

16. To the Farmer who shall plant the greatest Number of Timber Trees, Oak or English Elm, not under one thousand, at the Distance of ten Feet from each other, before March 21, 1760, *ten Pounds Sterling*.

17. Second ditto, not under five hundred, *five Pounds Sterling*.
18. To the Person who shall plant in the Manner of an Orchard, before the 1st of April 1760, the greatest Number of Apple Trees, of any of the following Kinds, grey Lydington, Piermain, Rullers, Redstreak, Fullwood, Golden Pippin or Nonpareils, *five Guineas*, or a *Gold Medal*.

19. To the Person who shall plant the next greatest Number of ditto, a *Silver Medal*.
20. To the Farmer who shall raise the greatest Number of Thorns, not under thirty thousand, before December 1759, *six Pounds Sterling*.

21. Second ditto, not under ten thousand, *four Pounds Sterling*.
22. To the Farmer who shall raise the greatest Number of ditto, not under thirty thousand, before December 1760, *six Pounds Sterling*.

23. Second ditto, not under fifteen thousand, *four Pounds Sterling*.
N. B. Farmers who deal in selling Thorns are excluded.

24. To the Farmer who shall plant on his own Farm, the greatest Number of Thorns in Hedges, before first March, 1760, *five Guineas*.

25. Second ditto, *three Guineas*.
26. For the greatest Quantity of Madder, not under eighty Pounds Weight, dressed and cured for the Market, *ten Guineas*.

27. For raising and curing the greatest Quantity of Woad, not under two hundred Pounds Weight, *five Guineas*.
28. To the Person who shall save and dress the greatest Quantity of well-ripened red Clover-seed, not under one hundred Pounds Weight, *four Guineas*.

29. Second ditto, *two Guineas*.
30. To the Farmer who shall save and dress the greatest Quantity of best Rye Grass Seed, not under forty Bolls, *two Guineas*.

31. To the Farmer who shall feed for Slaughter, the greatest Number of Calves, to the greatest Weight, not under a Score, each Calf being six Weeks old at least, *five Guineas*.

32. Second ditto, *three Guineas*.
33. Third ditto, *two Guineas*.

N. B. The Intention of the Society, in proposing Premiums for Calves, is, to introduce good Calves Hides into Scotland.

34. For the best tanned and curried Calves Skins, not under two Dozen, *four Guineas*.
35. Second ditto, *two Guineas*.

36. To the Person who shall produce, for Sale, the greatest Quantity of best Salt Butter, not under one Hundred Weight, to be produced at the Weigh-house of Edinburgh, the 2d Friday of December next, *four Pounds Sterling*.

37. For the next greatest Quantity of do. *Two Pounds Sterling*.
N. B. The Society recommend to the Competitors to cure the Butter in Firkies. The Firkies produced in the Year 1758, were very insufficient.

38. To the Person who shall produce, for Sale, the greatest Quantity of best Cow-milk Cheese, not under one Hundred Weight, at the said Weigh-house, on the 2d Friday of December next, *four Pounds Sterling*.

39. For the next greatest Quantity of ditto, *two Pounds Sterling*.
40. To the Person who shall cure, and preserve, in a dry Form, the greatest Quantity of Yest, so as to be fill fit for the Purposes of brewing and baking, not under ten Pound Weight, to be produced on or before the 1st of February 1760, *five Guineas*.

41. For the best Hoghead of Strong Ale, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1758, to be determined in March 1760, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.

42. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.
43. For the best Hoghead of Strong Beer fit for Exportation, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1758, to be determined in March 1760, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.

44. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.
45. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1758, to be determined in March 1760, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.

46. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.
47. For the best Hoghead of Strong Ale, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.

48. For the next best ditto a *Silver Cup* worth *three Guineas*.
49. For the best Hoghead of Strong Beer, fit for Exportation, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.

50. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.
51. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.

52. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.
N. B. No Premium will be given for the above Article, unless there shall be a Competition.

53. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
54. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

55. For the best Hoghead of Strong Ale, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
56. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

57. For the best Hoghead of Strong Beer, fit for Exportation, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
58. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

59. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
60. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

61. For the best Hoghead of Strong Ale, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
62. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

63. For the best Hoghead of Strong Beer, fit for Exportation, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
64. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

65. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
66. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

67. For the best Hoghead of Strong Ale, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
68. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

69. For the best Hoghead of Strong Beer, fit for Exportation, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
70. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

71. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
72. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

73. For the best Hoghead of Strong Ale, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
74. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

75. For the best Hoghead of Strong Beer, fit for Exportation, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
76. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

77. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
78. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

79. For the best Hoghead of Strong Ale, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
80. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

81. For the best Hoghead of Strong Beer, fit for Exportation, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
82. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

83. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
84. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

85. For the best Hoghead of Strong Ale, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
86. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

87. For the best Hoghead of Strong Beer, fit for Exportation, brewed by publick Brewers in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
88. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

89. For the best Hoghead of Porter, brewed in the Year 1759, to be determined in March 1761, a *Silver Cup*, worth *six Guineas*.
90. For the next best ditto, a *Silver Cup*, worth *three Guineas*.

the Carpet can be put into the Loom, *five Guineas*.
74. To ditto for Damask Table Linen, *ten Guineas*.

75. To ditto for Flowered Lawns, *five Guineas*.
76. To the Manufacturer of fine Linen, who shall gain the greatest Number of the Premiums published for the Year 1759, by the Trustees for encouraging Manufactures, to be distributed among the most deserving of his Weavers who shall not have gained any of the Premiums published by the Trustees, for the actual Workmen, *five Guineas*.

77. Second ditto, *three Guineas*.
78. Third ditto, *two Guineas*.

N. B. The names of the Weavers and Summs paid them to be given in to the Society, by the Masters, in order to be published.

79. For the best 3 Pieces of printed Cotton or Linen, not under 20 Yards each Piece, one of the Pieces to be 2 Colours, one common pencilled, 3 or 4 Colours, and a Piece in Chintz Colours, a *Silver Medal*.

80. For the best Piece of Linen printed with Copper Plates, in Imitation of the Manufactory at Drumcondra, in Ireland, *five Guineas*.

81. For the best two Pieces of Cheque for Furniture, best Cloth, Pattern and Colours. One Piece to be blue and white, the Warp whereof to be Linen, and the Wool Cotton; one Piece to be scarlet and white, or crimson and white, the white Wool to be Cotton, and the scarlet or crimson to be Worsted, both Wool and Warp, *five Guineas*, given by her Grace Henrietta Dutches Dowager of Gordon.

82. For the best Piece of fine Bed-tying, the neatest, closest and finest Cloth, and best Colours, to be 7-8ths wide, and not less than 60 Yards long, *three Guineas*.

83. To the second ditto *two Guineas*.
84. For the best 4 Pieces of Freeze or napt Cloth not under 24 Yards each, 7-8ths wide, two Pieces to be blue, and two Pieces to be green, *three Guineas*.

85. For the greatest Quantity of best Sealing Wax, not under 50 Pounds Weight, *One Guinea*.
86. For the greatest Quantity of Sealing Vermilion Wafers, not under 50 Pound Weight, *two Guineas*.

87. For the whitest, best, and finest Lace, commonly called Hamilton Lace, not under 2 Yards in Length, *four Guineas*.
88. Second ditto *two Guineas*.

89. For the best dyed Shades, in Worsted or Woollen Yarn, blue, green, orange, scarlet, and crimson; 15 Pound Weight at least, viz. 6 Colours in each Shade, and half a Pound in each Colour, *five Guineas*.

90. Second ditto, *three guineas*.
91. Third ditto, *two guineas*.

N. B. The blue and green must be wrought with Wood and Indigo, whereof proper Certificates are to be lodged with the Trustees. The Worsted must be of that sort proper for Sewing, and made up in the English Manner. Proper Samples of Worsted may be had of Mr. Patrick Bowie's Edinburgh.

92. For the best Tent-stitch or Petit-point, in Worsted Shades, on a Fire Screen, or Back and Bottom of a Chair, *Five Guineas*, or a *Gold Medal*.

93. For the best Imitation of Turkey Carpets, as to Colour and Workmanship, of at least 3 Yards and a Quarter long, by 2 and 1-half Yards broad, *five Guineas*.

94. Second ditto, *four Guineas*.
95. Third ditto, *three Guineas*.

96. For the best Imitation of Wilton Carpets, 12 Yards long, by three Quarters of a Yard wide, with 18 Yards Border, to suit the Carpet, three-eighths of a Yard wide, *eight Guineas*.

97. For the best Carpet, of that kind called, The Scots Carpet, making 48 square Yards, to be divided into any Number of Carpets, the finest and best made, best Figure, best Colour and Border, *eight Guineas*.

98. For the second ditto, *six Guineas*.
99. For the third ditto, *four Guineas*.

100. For the 3 best Pieces of Livery Lace, not under 30 Yards each, as to Work and Pattern, to be given to the actual Workmen, *two Guineas*.

101. For the second ditto, *one Guinea*.
102. For the best Piece of Gold Lace, and best Piece of Silver Lace, as to Work and Pattern, to be distributed among the actual Workmen, *two Guineas*.

103. For the second ditto, *one Guinea*.
104. For the best dozen of Blankets, in Imitation of English Blankets, not under three Yards long, by two and an half Yards broad, *five Guineas*.

105. For the next ditto, not under two and an half Yards long, by two Yards broad, *three Guineas*.

106. For the best dozen coarse Blankets, in Imitation of English Blankets, not under one and an half, nor above two Yards broad, and from two to two and an half Yards long, *three Guineas*.

N. B. The Society observe, that the Blankets, hitherto produced, are generally made of Yarn too hard twisted.

107. For the 12 best Pieces of Shalloon, each Piece to consist of 30 Yards, to be dried, dressed, and finished off in the English Manner, 4 of the Pieces to be black, 4 to be blue, and 4 Cloth-coloured, *three Guineas*.

108. For the second ditto, *two Guineas*.
109. For the 4 Pieces of Shalloon, best whitened, dressed and finished off, in the English Manner, each Piece to consist of 30 Yards, *six Guineas*.

110. For the second ditto, *four Guineas*.
N. B. The Premiums for white Shalloons, are doubled this Year, at the Shalloons produced last Year, were not judged worthy of a Premium, being worse than those formerly produced.

111. For the best ten Pieces of plain Fustian, 5 white, and 5 coloured, each Piece to consist of 20 Yards, dressed and lapped after the Manchester Manner, *four Guineas*.

112. For the second ditto, *two Guineas*.



113. For the 12 best Pieces of Linen, for lining of Hats best dyed, glazed, and dressed, three Pounds Sterling.
 114. Second ditto, two Pounds Sterling.
 115. For the best twelve Gross of Chair Web, six Gross being blue and white, and six Gross brown, two Guineas.
 116. For the best three Dozen of Hats, to be sold in Wholesale, at a Price not exceeding eighteen Shillings each, four Guineas.
 117. For the best Six Dozen of Felt Hats of Scots Wool, four Guineas.
 118. Second ditto, three Guineas.
 119. Third ditto, two Guineas.
 120. For the greatest Number of best Straw Hats or Bongraces, not under two Dozen, two Guineas.
 121. For the greatest Quantity of best and clearest Glue, not under 10 Pounds Weight, three Pounds Sterling.
 122. For the second ditto, two Pounds Sterling.
 123. For the third ditto, one Pound Sterling.
 124. For the greatest Quantity of best Buckram, not under 6 Pieces, of 24 Yards each, three Pounds Sterling.
 125. For the second ditto, two Pounds Sterling.
 126. For the third ditto, one Pound Sterling.
 127. For the greatest Quantity of baked Hair for Upholsterers, not under fifty Pound Weight, the strongest, cleanest, and best curled, two Guineas.
 128. For the second ditto, one Guinea.
 129. For the best six Gross of Mohair Buttons for Cloaths, two Guineas.
 130. For the best Hundred Weight of Crown Soap, a Silver Medal.
 131. For the best Hundred Weight of White Soap, a Silver Medal.
 132. To the Skinner who shall produce the best Lamb-Skins, dressed with Salt and Alum, the Number not less than 100, five Guineas.

133. Second ditto, three Guineas.
 134. Third ditto, two Guineas.
 135. For the best Lambskin Gloves for Women, not under six Dozen Pairs, two Guineas.
 136. For the second ditto, one Guinea.
 137. For the two best Cradles made of Willows, of the Growth of Scotland, one Guinea.
 138. To the Person who shall manufacture the greatest Number of Hoops, made of Willows or Saugh, of the Growth of Scotland, to be proved to the Satisfaction of the Society, five Guineas.
 139. To the Person who shall produce to the Society the best Invention for making Fire answer the double Purpose of giving Warmth, and preparing Vintals with the least Waste of Fuel, to be made to cheap as to be purchased by our common Labourers and Manufacturers, ten Guineas, or a Gold Medal.
 140. To the Person who shall produce a Sample of the best Imitation of Delft Ware, to be divided by him among the most deserving of his Workmen, three Guineas.
 141. To the Person who shall make the best 2 Dozen of Scythes, and best Dozen of shearing Hooks, two Guineas.
 142. Second ditto, one Guinea.
 143. To the Person who shall make the best Dozen of Pen-knives, two Guineas.
 144. Second ditto, one Guinea.
 Every Paper, and every Parcel of Goods, must have its Name or Title marked on the Back of it, with a Motto or Inscription, and within the Packet some Lines sealed up; the producing a Copy whereof, in the same Hand-writing, shall be a Proof of the Property, when the Premiums are to be distributed, and the Goods restored.
 N.B. The Society desire Competitors to comply strictly with the above Rule as every Person will be excluded from the Competition, who shall neglect to lodge Mottoes, and Lines,

sealed up, or shall discover their Names in the Mottoes or Lines.

All the Articles to contend for the above Premiums, (or Samples of such as are very bulky) with the Certificates and Declarations necessary, except where otherwise specified, as above, must be delivered to the House-keeper of the Royal Infirmary at Edinburgh, who has Instructions to receive the same, at any Time before the first Monday of December next.

No Person is to receive a Premium for two Articles of the same Kind.

The Names of the Gainers of the Prizes to be published in the News Papers, Magazines and Almanacks, unless desired to be concealed.

Every Subject, for which a Prize is claimed, must be of Scots Manufacture, and made or executed within the Year, unless where otherwise specified.

Copies of the above are lodged at the Shop of Messrs. Hamilton and Balfour, Bookellers in Edinburgh, to be distributed to all concerned, gratis.

The good Effects of the Premiums given last Year, having produced a larger Subscription, the Society has been enabled considerably to increase the Premiums for this Year, which, it is not doubted, will produce Effects in Proportion; the Number of Premiums to be hereafter given, must depend upon the Society's Funds, and these must depend upon the Generosity of the Friends to Industry and Ingenuity in this Country.

CONTRIBUTIONS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS to the Society's Funds are received by Mr. Adam Fairholm Banker, their Treasurer; and Subscription Papers are lodged in the Shops of Messrs. Hamilton and Kincaid Bookellers, Messrs. John Clerk, and Alexander Bruce, Merchants in Edinburgh and in the Clerk's Office of every County and Royal Burrow in Scotland.

No mails this post.

From the London Gazette, November 13.

Westminster, Nov. 13.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the honourable house of Commons, by Sir Henry Bellenden, Gentleman Usher of the black Rod, desiring their attendance in the house of Peers: the Commons being come thither accordingly, the following Speech of the Lords Commissioners, appointed by his Majesty, for holding this Parliament, was delivered by the Lord Keeper to both Houses.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

IN pursuance of the authority given to us by his Majesty's commission under the Great Seal, amongst other things to declare the cause of his holding this Parliament, his Majesty has been graciously pleased to direct us to assure you, that he esteems himself particularly happy, in being able to call you together in a situation of affairs, so glorious and advantageous to his crown and kingdoms.

His Majesty sees, and devoutly adores, the hand of providence, in the many signal successes, both by sea and land, with which his arms have been blessed in the course of the last summer: And at the same time, his Majesty reflects with much satisfaction, on the confidence which you placed in him, by making such ample provisions, and entrusting him with such extensive powers, for carrying on a war, which the defence of our valuable rights and possessions, and the preservation of the navigation and commerce of his Majesty's people, had made both just and necessary.

We have it also in command from his Majesty to acquaint you, that the happy progress of our successes, from the taking of Goree, on the coast of Africa, to the conquest of so many important places in America, with the defeat of the French army in Canada, and the reduction of their capital city of Quebec, effected with so much honour to the courage and conduct of his Majesty's officers both at sea and land, and with so great lustre to his intrepid forces; together with the important success obtained by his Majesty's fleet off Cape Lagos; and the effectual blocking up, for so many months, the principal part of the navy of France in their own ports, are events, which must have filled the hearts of all his Majesty's faithful subjects, as well as his own, with the sincerest joy: and, his Majesty trusts, will convince you, that there has been no want of vigilance or vigour, on his part, in exerting those means, which you, with so much prudence and public spirited zeal, put into his Majesty's hands.

That our advantages have extended farther, and the divine blessing has favoured us in the East-Indies, where the dangerous designs of his Majesty's enemies have miscarried; and that valuable branch of our trade has received great benefit and protection.

That the memorable victory gained over the French near Minden, has long made a deep impression on the minds of his Majesty's people; and that, if the crisis in which that battle was fought, the superior numbers of the enemy, and the great and able conduct of his Majesty's General Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, are considered, that action must be the subject of lasting admiration and thankfulness.

That if any thing could fill the breasts of his Majesty's good subjects, with still farther degrees

degrees of exultation, it is the distinguished and unbroken valour of his Majesty's troops, owned and applauded by those whom they overcame. The glory they have gained is not merely their own, but, in a national view, is one of the most important circumstances of our success, as it must be a striking admonition to our enemies, with whom they have to contend.

That his Majesty's good brother and ally the King of Prussia, attacked and surrounded by so many considerable powers, has, by his magnanimity and abilities, and the bravery of his troops, been able, in a surprizing manner, to prevent the mischiefs concerted with such united force against him.

His Majesty has farther commanded us to observe to you, that as his Majesty entered into this war, not from views of ambition, so he does not wish to continue it from motives of resentment. The desire of his Majesty's heart is, to see a stop put to the effusion of Christian blood; whenever such terms of peace can be established, as shall be just and honourable for his Majesty and his allies, and by procuring such advantages, as, from the successes of his Majesty's arms, may, in reason and equity, be expected, shall bring along with them full security for the future; his Majesty will rejoice to see the repose of Europe restored on such solid and durable foundations, and his faithful subjects, to whose liberal support and unshaken firmness his Majesty owes so much, happy in the enjoyment of the blessings of peace and tranquillity. But, in order to this great and desirable end, his Majesty is confident you will agree with him that it is necessary to make ample provisions for carrying on the war, in all parts, with the utmost vigour.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

We are commanded by His Majesty to assure you, that the great supplies, which were given the last Session, have been faithfully employed for the purposes for which they were granted; but the uncommon extent of this war, and the various services necessary to be provided for, in order to secure success to his Majesty's measures, have unavoidably occasioned extraordinary expences, an account of which will be laid before you.

His Majesty has also ordered the proper estimates for the service of the ensuing year to be prepared and laid before you; and his Majesty desires you to grant him such supplies, as shall be necessary to sustain and press, with effect, all our extensive operations against the enemy; and, at the same time, by the blessing of God, to repel and frustrate their daring designs against his Majesty's kingdoms.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

His Majesty has, in the last place, been graciously pleased to command us to repeat to you the assurances of the high satisfaction his Majesty takes in that union and good harmony, which is so conspicuous amongst his faithful subjects; happy in seeing it continued and confirmed; and to observe to you, that experience has shown, how much we all owe to it; and that nothing else can effectually secure the true happiness of his people.

The following address of the Lord Provost, Magistrates and Council of the City of Edinburgh, has been presented to his Majesty by Capt. Drummond, being introduced by the Lord of his Majesty's Bed-chamber in waiting which address his

Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty.

Most gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of your City of Edinburgh, beg leave to present to your Majesty our most humble and sincere congratulations, upon those great and prosperous events which will for ever render this year conspicuous in the history of Great Britain.

Your Majesty's measures have been concerted with wisdom, pursued with steadiness, and executed with spirit. The divine blessing hath accompanied your prudent and vigorous efforts, and hath crowned your arms, by sea and land, with a succession of victories, more rapid and more beneficial than former ages can boast. The schemes of the French in Europe have been disconcerted, by a battle no less decisive than splendid; valuable settlements in Africa have been seized; their attempts in the East-Indies have been repulsed; an acquisition of great importance to the trade of the nation has been gained from them in the West-Indies, and, in North America, not only have their encroachments been checked, and the frontiers of the British Colonies rendered secure and respectable; but a just war has been carried into the heart of their dominions; and Quebec, the capital of their Empire in that part of the world, has been conquered by your Majesty's arms. While your Majesty's enemies have felt, during the course of the war, how formidable, and how extensive is its operations is the native power of Great-Britain; your subjects have observed, with the warmest gratitude, your Majesty's constant attention to those interests of the nation, which are of chief importance; and are ready to exert themselves with that zeal which becomes a free people, for the defence of your sacred person, and for the support of your government. We humbly pray, that Almighty God may long preserve your Majesty's valuable life; that he may continue to bless your arms, and that he may render the conclusion of this war as honourable as the success of it has been great.

We have the honour to be,

May it please your Majesty,

Your Majesty's most obedient, most dutiful, and loyal subjects and servants, the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of your City of Edinburgh, in Council assembled, Signed by their order.

G. DRUMMOND, Provost,

From the London Papers, November 13.

L O N D O N.

A letter from on board his Majesty's ship War-spite, off Uthant, the 6th inst. says, "We have here a Squadron cruising, being detached by Sir Edward Hawke, in hopes of falling in with a French Squadron of nine ships of the line, commanded by M. Bomparr, whose arrival is daily expected at Brest, as we are informed by several fishing boats, who now as cordially trade with us, as we might expect the people on our own coasts to do; the natural consequence of generous treatment. They have learned the art of doing this kind of business very genteely; they come out with their freight, are taken by our boats, deliver their cargoes, receive satisfaction for their commodities, and then are discharged as captures unworthy of our notice."

The two following schemes are talked of for raising seven millions for the service of the ensuing



year. First, the whole sum by way of lottery, the tickets 100 l. each, and the blanks to be turned into annuities of 115 l. at 3 and a half per cent. per ann. for the lives of those who remain possessed of them. By the second every subscriber to have 4 per cent. for his money for twenty years certain, and to be allowed, gratis, a lottery ticket of 5 l. for every 100 l. he subscribes.

We hear the French have asked peace on the following conditions;

Quebec, and all North America, to be annexed to the British crown.

Louisbourg to be demolished.

Goree, Senegal, Guadaloupe, Marigalante, and any other of the French Settlements in Europe, or East or West Indies, that are in our possession, or may be taken by the British arms before the peace is ratified, shall be restored to France. Minorca to be restored, to England.

All prizes taken, as well before as since the war has been declared, shall be, and remain the property of the captors.

Twenty French men of war of the line to be sent to the river Thames, as hostages.

The Bombay-Castle, True-Briton, Worcester, and Prince George, are arrived at Kinfale, from St. Helena.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Nov. 9.

"Yesterday arrived the Black Prince Privateer, with an express from Sir Edward Hawke. It is said he has sent all the small craft away, being in hourly expectation of the French fleet coming out to give them battle.

We are informed, that Sir Edward Hawke, with his fleet, has come to an anchor at Torbay, being drove from his station off Brest, by the late tempestuous weather.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, Nov. 12.

"Yesterday arrived at Spithead Admirals Durell and Holmes, with the following ships from Quebec, viz. the Princess Amelia, Dublin, Royal William, Terrible, Centurion, Prince Frederick, and Seahorse; the Baltimore and Pelican bombs, Vespasian fire ship, and sixteen sail of transports. The Neptune and Strombolo parted company with the above ships as they were coming down the river. The Stirling-castle also came down, but went to Lisbon.

"Admiral Saunders, they say, may be hourly expected up; and that the following ships are to winter at Quebec and Halifax: at Quebec the Fowey and Hind Frigates, and Racehorse bomb; at Halifax, the Northumberland, Lord Colvill, Commodore, Alcide, Trident, Pembroke, and Prince of Orange, with two or three frigates, and a bomb.

"The corpse of General Wolfe is on board the Royal William."

EDINBURGH.

Tuesday last the lottery began drawing; and by this night's post we have the following prizes:

6,186 first drawn	1,500	17,390	1.	50
26,885	50	18,337	100	
33,787	1000	63,680	50	
829	50	6,254	50	
23,825	50	33,036	50	
5,914	500	61,662	100	
65,811	50	64,679	500	
7,427	50	24,388	50	
30,386	100	33,972	50	
25,784	50	17,474	50	
65,800	50	22,195	100	
60,766	100	48,828	50	
61,312	50	60,250	50	
11,010	50	35,360	50	
13,974	50	29,927	50	
38,407	50	2,284	50	
31,469	50	1,443	50	

255 of 20 l. each. Lottery Tickets fell at 13 l. 5 s.

The time limited by proclamation of the 14th May last, for giving encouragement to seamen and able bodied land-men, &c. which was extended to the ninth November instant, being expired, his Majesty has judged it expedient to have it prolonged to the 31st of December next.

The Williamsburgh, Sinclair; the Kingston, Smith; the Edinburgh, Murray; and the Doldoin, Dillon; are arrived at Dover, from Jamaica. The Vestal, Blair; and the Henry, Richardson; are arrived from ditto, at the Downs. *L. L.*

We are assured by a private letter from Newcastle, that a merchant there has got orders of credit from some of the obliging Holland merchants, to supply M. Thurot, and several of the officers on board his fleet, whose names are mentioned, with whatever money they may want, in case any of them should be taken and brought prisoner thither, or to any place in the north.

They write from Aberdeen, that one Janet Neilson, as she was gathering dulse on the rocks near that place, fell down a steep precipice, and was dashed to pieces.—On Friday se'ennight, Commodore Boyes's fleet, made another appearance in Aberdeen bay, but in a short time stood out to

sea, and was soon out of sight.—Monday last, about ten at night, a fire broke out in the new Inn, occasioned by one of the lodgers leaving a candle too near his bed curtains. Several of the rooms were quite consumed: but, by the assistance of the Town guard, it was extinguished, without spreading further.

On Thursday last, the Right Hon. the Lady Torphichen, was safely delivered of a Son.

Thursday last, died in the Castle, aged 102, the widow of Lieutenant Mackenzie, late Lieutenant of the independent company in garrison there.

This afternoon, a Chimney-sweeper fell from a vent in the Dub-row of Leith, and was so bruised by the fall, that he died soon after.

Aberdeen, Nov. 13. On Sunday morning last, the Chevalier TAYLOR, who has been so long expected in this country arrived in this city from Edinburgh, and from the extraordinary number of persons attending for relief from him, for complaints of the EYE, he will not be able to return to Edinburgh, till this day se'ennight, the 20th inst. of which all he has appointed to meet, or who attend his aid in those parts are desired to take notice.—The poor are free to have his best assistance—and the faculty are particularly invited to see his new manner of restoring sight.—the produce of such immense practice, for now upwards of thirty years, that many thousands with defects of sight, for a great number of years, have passed yearly thro' his hands. Since this discovery (perhaps the greatest for many ages) the following great personages have happily been under his care, viz. the Most Illustrious Lady Nariskin, of the Imperial court of Russia—the Princess of Georgia, of the Imperial Court of Persia—the Princess of Holstein, Hatzfeld, Justiniana, &c.—their Highnesses the Dukes of Mecklenbourg, Holstein Weymar, the Vice-King of the Indies, and others of equal high rank: and 'twas from the event that he has been honoured with the many titles and dignities he now enjoys from the several courts abroad.—The Chevalier Taylor will certainly return to Edinburgh in the following order;—will be this day se'ennight, the 20th inst. in the evening, at Montrose;—the evening of Thursday the 22d, at Dundee; the evening of Friday the 23d, at Perth; and the evening of Monday the 26th, at his usual lodgings at Edinburgh; of which all will remark, who has appointed to attend him with disorders of the eye, or who desire relief from him.—On the evening of the 30th he will begin his colleges at Edinburgh, on the art of restoring sight, many years given in the societies of the learned in foreign courts. The students only who attend his lectures, will be permitted daily to see his operations on living subjects. Thursday evening, he will give in this city an academical discourse on the art of preserving healthful sight: the chief of distinction will be invited.

Yesterday his lodgings were filled with people for his aid from all parts; and this morning, among a great number of persons complaining of the loss of their sight, that the Chevalier has prepared a child BORN BLIND;—all the faculty are expected on this occasion.

On Tuesday next, there is to be a MEETING of the SELECT SOCIETY, at six in the evening. The subject of their disquisition will be

Whether Whisky ought to be laid under such restraints, as to render the use of it less frequent?

Leith, Nov. 17. Arrived here, the Free mason of Leith, Crawford, from the Orkneys, with kelp; the Katherine of and from Borrowstownness, Meik, with beech knapple; the May flower of Kinghorn, Greig, from Fisher-row, with dales; the Charles and Mary, Donald, from Dunbar, with whale-oil; the Friendship, Young; the Janer, Ritchie, all of Carron; the William and Mary of North-Berwick, Allan, all from Dunbar; the Charles and Janet, Williamson, from the Elly; the John, Brown; the Cumberland, Wilson, both from Alemouth, and all of Leith; the Hopwell of and from Cambus, Coult; the Free mason of and from Eymouth, Leighton; the Matrey of Kinghorn, Ritchie, from Fenham flats; and the Balgony of and from North-Berwick, Miln, all with Grain. This morning came up to the road, a large victualler from London, with beef, beer, &c. for Commodore Boyes's Squadron, being an old East-Indian.

Sailed the Friendship of and for Fraserburgh, Craik, with wool, tow, leather, &c.

ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A PURSER'S STEWARD.

Any one that hath already been in that employ, and can be recommended for their sobriety and honesty, may enquire at the New Stage office at Leith, and they shall have proper encouragement.

Whereas a Letter signed C. R. and

dated the 16th of November, was that very morning sent to Messrs. William Alexander and Sons, addressed to them, Messrs. Manfield and Hunter, and Mr. James Seton, containing many particulars concerning the French prisoners. It the person who wrote the said letter, will be pleased to discover himself to any of the above mentioned gentlemen, it will be taken as a favour, as the informations of a person who appears to have been at so much pains, 'tis thought may be useful; and 'tis hoped that these gentlemen's characters will be esteemed a sufficient security to the said Person, that he may depend on their honour, should secrecy be required. The British linen note, sent in an anonymous letter from Borrowstownness, by post, was duly received this day, and shall be properly applied.

Whereas the ANNUAL FAIR of

the burgh of HADDINGTON called the MICHAELMAS FAIR, which was appointed to be kept on the second Tuesday of October yearly, being found very inconvenient; therefore the Magistrates and Town Council of said burgh, have appointed and ordained the said fair to be kept in all time coming, on the SECOND THURSDAY of October yearly; and this public notice to be given for the benefit of all concerned: And in order to encourage persons resorting thereto, the said Magistrates and Council have appointed, that no more dues or custom for horses and horned cattle brought to the said fair shall be demanded, than what is paid at Saint Peter's fair, which is kept on the second Tuesday of July yearly. JOHN GRAY, Clk.

TO be roused and sold, at Lord Napier's house in the Abbey, last possessed by Sir George Stewart. SEVERAL SORTS OF

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

such as mounted beds, feather beds, and table linen, mahogany tables, drawers, chairs, mirrors, and a kinds of kitchen furniture: also, a good new coach, and a four wheeled chaise, and coach horses. The roup to begin on Friday next, the twenty-third current, at ten o'clock, and to continue till all is sold off.—The furniture is all good and clean.

TO BE SOLD,

BY judicial roup, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills, for the time, upon the 13th of December next to come, the LANDS OF

OVER and NETHER POLMOUTH

and KERSIEBANK, lying in the Parish of Polmuth and thre of Burgh; in whole or in parcels, as purchasers shall offer. The lands are holden feu of the family of Hamilton, and after deduction of feu duties, stipends, and school fees, pay of yearly free rent 1816 l. 3 s. 11 d. Scots money; and the price put thereon by the Lords of Council and Session, and at which the same are to be exposed is 3648 l. 7 d. Scots money. The articles and conditions of roup, are to be seen in the hands of Mr. Robert Leith, one of the Depute clerks of Session; and whoever inclines to purchase, may for further particulars at any time before the roup, enquire of Mrs. Shaw, at the house of Kersiebank, or George Denington Surgeon in Falkirk.

JUST brought over from Dublin, and to be sold by CHRISTIAN WARDROP, at her shop above the Cross, GLASGOW, formerly the Dispensatory,

A Parcel of FINE JUICY LIMONS,

fine lime juice at 2 s. per pint, best pork hams, and fitch bacon, red herrings, fine Durham mustard, Spanish and Pistacia nuts, best Gloucester cheese, cradles and all kinds of wicker baskets, matrimony, and all kinds of Sweet-meats; also, all kinds of sugar and brandy at the sugar house prices, with all other kinds of grocery and military goods, which will all be sold off very low for ready money.

N. B. Commissions from the country will be carefully observed.

For LONDON,

THE DILIGENCE, ANDREW CASSELS Master, lying at the Birth in Leith harbour, is taking in goods, and will sail on Tuesday the 20th inst. under convoy of the Huffer frigate; having excellent accommodations for passengers.

The master to be spoke with every day at the usual hours in Forrest's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh; Evenings and mornings at the ship; or notice may be had at John Scot's on the shore.

All who complain of any disorder in the Eye or Defect of sight, are desired to take notice.

THAT the Chevalier JOHN TAYLOR, Ophthalmiater (Oculist) Pontifical, Imperial and Royal, viz. to his present Majesty, to the Pontifical and Imperial Courts, to the Kings of Poland, Denmark, Sweden, &c. to the several Electors of the holy Empire, and to the other crowned heads and sovereign Princes; a citizen of Rome, and member of the most celebrated academies, universities, and societies of the learned, — is now at Aberdeen, and will certainly return to Edinburgh in the following order, of which all he has appointed to attend him, or who require his aid, are required to observe. — will leave Aberdeen on Tuesday the 20th instant, will be the same evening at Montrose, on the evening of Thursday the 22d at Dundee; the evening of Friday the 23d at Perth; and the evening of Monday the 26th, at his usual lodgings at Edinburgh. In the evening of the 30th inst. will give his introductory lecture for his courses on the art of curing the defects of the EYE, &c. All who propose to attend his lectures must subscribe the same evening; and the students only, who are in this course, will be permitted every morning to attend his operations. — On his return to Edinburgh, will be published by Mr. Fleming, for these lectures, a work entitled,

An exact account of two hundred and forty three different diseases, to which the eye and its covering are exposed; all copied after nature, in the order many years given, by the Chevalier Taylor, in various languages, viz. Latin, French, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, &c. &c. in the several courts, and in presence of crowned heads, sovereign Princes, and in many of the most celebrated academies, universities, and societies of the learned. Being the produce of the greatest experience, long and most extensive practice (in the cure of disordered eyes) of any in the age we live.

A Gentleman, of about fifty years of age, proposes to sink the sum of ONE THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING, upon an ANNUITY for his own life. For further particulars, enquire at John Bell, Clerk to the Signet.

THAT upon Monday first, the 19th current, there is to be exposed to sale, by way of publick roup, within the Tolbooth of Burntisland, by order, and before the Magistrates of said burgh, in different parcels,

A large Quantity of SAIL CLOTH, brown linen, coloured and white threads, and sundry other goods, all damaged by sea water, in the ship industry of Montrose, John Straton Master, for London. The conditions of sale, are to be seen in the hands of John Anderson, Writer in Burntisland. The roup to begin precisely at ten o'clock forenoon, and to continue until all the goods are fold off.

WHEREAS several persons liable to pay five shillings for each hundred ounces of silver plate, owned, used, had, or kept by them, have neglected to make entry and payment of the said duty on or since the 5th of July last, the Commissioners of Excise do therefore give notice, that such persons do forthwith make entry and payment at the Excise office, Edinburgh, or to their respective Collectors in the country, otherwise they will be prosecuted, without further notice, for the penalty of twenty pounds incurred by them for such neglect.

By order of the Commissioners,
JOHN CAW, for the Secretary.

To be SOLD,

BY publick Roup, in Forrest's coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Monday the 20th of December next, betwixt the hours of four and five after-noon.

The Lands of WHITE CROSS, Part of the estate of Coldinghamlaw, consisting of 160 acres of arable land or thereby, lying in the parish of Coldingham, and shire of Berwick. This farm is very improvable, and near the means of improvement, lies within a mile of Eymouth, and six miles of Berwick, and has privilege in the extensive common of Coldingham. The lands hold of the crown.

The title deeds, rental, and conditions of sale, may be seen in the hands of Thomas Cockburn, Clerk to the Signet, Edinburgh.

To be SOLD,

THAT DWELLING HOUSE, consisting of two stories and garrets, with several office-houses, and a garden of an acre of ground, lying at the foot of Leith-walk, as the same is presently possessed by Robert Bull junior.

For particulars, enquire at Patrick Hagart, to be found at the writing-chamber of Mr. John Pringle, Writer to the Signet, who will show the progress of writs, and commune with any person who inclines to purchase.

By ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon the 29th of November inst. betwixt the hours of three and four afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of GLENQUOY, lying in the parish of Glendovan and shire of Perth, holding feeu of his Grace the Duke of Athol. The free proven rent of them, after all deductions, is 582 l. 10s. Scots money; and the price for thereon by the Lords, is 13,348 l. 2s. Scots.

The articles of roup, and progress, are to be seen in the hands of Alexander Rols, depuie clerk of session, or William Taylor writer in Edinburgh, at his house in Craig's close.

THAT the Lands of BALMAE, lying in the parish of Kirkcubright; the lands of MIDDLETHIRD; the lands of KIRKLAND; and MILL of Kirkcormock, lying in the parish of Keltoun, and the lands of AUCHINFAD in the parish of Renick, all in the stewartry of Kirkcubright, are to be sold jointly or separately, by way of roup, in John's coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 21st day of November inst. The progress of writs and conditions of roup, to be seen in the hands of George Muir Writer to the Signet.

TO be LET for a term of years, upon the 10th day of January next, by publick roup, within John's Coffeehouse at Edinburgh,

The COAL and SALT WORKS, belonging to his Grace the DUKE of HAMILTON, at Borrowstownness, in the county of Linlithgow. The entry of the Leases to be at Candlemas 1760.

There are eleven different seams of workable coal, from nine foot to thirty inches thick. The coal are of a very good quality, have answered at the London and foreign markets, and along the whole eastern coast of Scotland, which together with the country sale afford to these works, a demand for the produce of a hundred coal-bewers, and upward, fifty of whom, and about seventy coal-bearers, being natives of the coalliery, will be set along with the said works.

All these coals, either are or may be drained by two fire engines, presently standing upon the ground, to the deepness of betwixt thirty-five and forty fathoms below the level of high-water-mark, besides the certain prospects of a very large field of six seams of the same coal, to be drained by a free level, which is now run about eight hundred fathoms, and is at present within one hundred fathoms of these coals.

For the better disposing of the culm or smallest size of the coal, there are already built, and in very good going condition, fifteen salt pans, with salt cellars, bucket, ponds, and every other convenience fit for a very great salt-work. There are about thirty native salters who will likewise be set along with the works.

These coal and salt-works are most commodiously situated upon the shore and beach of the Firth of Forth, about twelve miles west from Edinburgh, and within 500 yards of an excellent harbour at Borrowstownness, which will admit of ships of about 300 tons burden, where all the coal and salt may be shipped, free of custom, shore-dues, anchorage, and other burdens exigible at other ports in Scotland, upon such commodities.

The works will be shown by John Burrel present Overseer of the coal and salt works at Borrowstownness, and the articles and conditions of the set, are to be seen in the hands of Andrew Stuart Writer to the Signet at Edinburgh, who will treat with such as incline to take a lease of the premises, by private agreement, before the day of the roup.

To be SOLD,

BY publick voluntary roup and sale, within the house of Mr Macqueen, Inn-keeper in Dunfermline, upon Wednesday the 21st of November inst. betwixt the hours of two and three afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of ANGELRAW, with the tiends and pertinents, lying in the parish of Greenlaw, and shire of Berwick. — This estate is of very fine soil, easily improved, excellently well watered, and conveniently situated; being only four miles from Kelso, five from Dunfermline, and same distance from Coldstream. — There is a neat garden, with some planting, and inclosures of considerable value on the premises, and a tolerable house, consisting of six fire rooms, beside brew-house, cellars, stables, and other offices. — The tenants houses are all in good repair. — The lands hold feeu of the crown for payment of seven merks Scots money of feeu-duty yearly. The neat rent is 771. 11s. Sterling. The rental, conditions of sale, and progress of writs (which are quite clear) are to be seen in the hands of James Lorain, Sheriff-clerk of Berwick-shire, at his office in Dunfermline, or in the hands of James Purvis, Writer to the Signet at Edinburgh, and of the proprietor himself at Angelraw.

N. B. The rack of the lands will be open within eighteen months.

By His MAJESTY'S ROYAL PATENTS, Granted to ROBERT WALKER, the Inventor, for ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, and the PLANTATIONS, THE INCOMPARABLE MEDICINE.

THE GENUINE JESUITS DROPS,

for the certain Cure of all scorbutick Disorders, at also, all obstinate Gleet, and feminal Weaknesses in both Sexes, whether occasioned by the venereal Disorder, or any other Cause, or a fresh contracted venereal Malady, though attended with all their different and most malignant Stages, may be had at his Warehouse, the Bible and crown, Fleet-lane, the upper End of Fleet-lane, opposite to the Session-house Gate, Old Bailey, in Bottles of 5s. or 2s. 6d. proportionable, which said Patent Jesuits Drops are the most pleasant and effectual Medicines ever discovered for these Disorders, has no Mercurials in its Composition, neither purges nor vomits, but certainly carries all clear off by Urine, without Hindrance of Business, Confinement, or Knowledge of a second Person, and the Dose only fifteen Drops in a little Wine, Water, or on Sugar. The incomparable WALKER'S JESUITS DROPS, having performed such great and surprising Cures on all Stages of the Venereal Disease in both Sexes, as well as in old stubborn Gleet and Weaknesses of the Reins and Kidneys, whether occasioned by the Venereal Disorder or otherwise, his Majesty, that his Subjects in Scotland should have the said Medicine genuine, and for preventing any Impositions on them with spurious Medicines, under the like Name or Title, to the Prejudice of their Healths, as well as endangering their Lives, was also graciously pleased to farther honour the said Robert Walker with his Royal Letters Patent, for that Kingdom for fourteen Years, and the same passed the great Seal at Edinburgh the 9th of July 1756, at Edinburgh. His Majesty has likewise been pleased to grant the above Robert Walker his Royal Patent for the Kingdom of Ireland, under the great Seal of that Kingdom, the 19th of November 1757, at the Castle of Dublin.

The said Patent genuine Jesuits Drops, as said is, have no Mercurials in their Composition, and neither purge nor vomit, but carry the Disorders clean off by Urine (the Dose only fifteen Drops in Wine, Water, or on Sugar) and is an excellent Remedy for Travellers, and Persons going to Sea, and to be taken so secret, that even a Bed-fellow cannot make Discovery, and at any Time, in any Season or Climate (keeping their full Virtues ten Years) without Alteration in Diet, and eradicates, Root and Branch, all the poisonous Symptoms of those loathsome Disorders, without the least Dislike to the Palate, Disorder of the Body, or Confinement, and absolutely answers all the Ends that can be expected by Salivation; and were never known to mislead, after Salivation had failed.

To be had, by the Patentees' special Appointment, of JAMES HOG, at his shop opposite to the Exchange, Edinburgh; and of the Patentees, at his Warehouse, the Bible and crown, Fleet-lane, London, along with a printed Treatise on the Venereal disorder, which is given gratis, sealed up with each Bottle, by which all Persons may cure themselves with the greatest Secrecy, and know if the Disorder be of a mild or malignant Nature. Bottles 5s. to 2s. 6d. proportionable.